## BHARATH COACHING CENTRE

9<sup>th</sup> CBSE Electoral Politics Total: 50

Social Time: 1.30 hrs

 $\underline{\mathsf{SECTION} - \mathsf{A}} \qquad \qquad 5 \times 1 = 5$ 

1. Election in India for Parliament and state Legislatures are conducted by

a. President

b. Prime Minister

c. Governor

- d. Election Commissions of India
- 2. Members of Election Commission are appointed by
  - a. President b. Prime Minister
- c. Elected by People d. Chief Justice
- 3. "By-Election" is the election which is held
  - a. Directly
  - b. indirectly
  - c. to fill up a vacancy in the legislature
  - d. when a legislature is dissolved before the expiry of its normal term.
- 4. In democracy elections are important because
  - a. the formation of government becomes easy
  - b. they held in the formation of opposition party
  - c. they are a check on the working of the government
  - d. All the above.
- 5. Following is a weakness to Indian election system:
  - a. Secret Ballot

- b. Use of Electronic voting Machines
- c. Misuse of Official Machines
- d. Universal Adult Franchise.

**SECTION – B**  $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

- 6. What is the importance of Elections in Democracy?
- 7. What do you understand by Democratic Election?
- 8. What is Election Manifesto?
- 9. Write a note on Election Symbols.
- 10. Give three arguments in favour of Universal Adult Franchise.
- 11. What do you mean by Election Petition?
- 12. What do you mean by "By-election"?
- 13. What is mid-term election?
- 14. Why are modern democracies representative?
- 15. Explain the terms as follows: a. Rigging b. Turnout c. Incumbent

 $3 \times 3 = 9$ 

- 16. Describe the salient features of Election System in India.
- 17. How the elections are held in India.
- 18. Describe the challenges to (Weakness of) Indian Election system. Suggest remedies to check them.
- 19. Describe the composition and functions of Election Commission of India.
- 20. What are the different measures taken to ensure free and fair elections in India?