SECTION - A $5 \times 1 = 5$

1. The Lakshadweep islands are situated in _____ sea.
2. India accounts for _____ of the total geographical area of world.
3. The triangular landmass limited by water on three sides is called a _____.
4. _____ is the half portion of the globe divided either by equator or the prime meridian.
5. _____ is a term often used for states and countries completely surrounded by land with no coastline.

SECTION - B $5 \times 3 = 15$

6. India is neither a giant nor a pigmy in the world comment on this statement.
7. Distinguish between local time and standard time.
8. Which two types of states did India have before 1947?
9. Mention the length and breadth of India?
10. Discuss India and its land routes?

SECTION - C $6 \times 5 = 30$

11. Explain the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of India both of main land and Indian Union?
12. Describe the importance of India central position on the head of Indian Ocean?
13. Discuss India's neighbours?
14. Explain the following:
    a) Tropic of cancer

b) Subtropical Zone

c) The standard time of India

d) Hemisphere with examples

15. Accounts for the boundaries of India

16. The sun rises two hours earlier in Arunachal Pradesh as compared to Gujarat in the west but watches show the same time. How does this happen?